



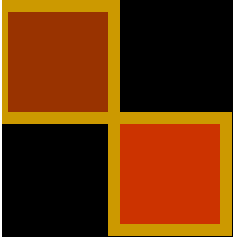

Distance Education and the Need for Broadband Access



Connecting Rural Indiana 2007
July 26, 2007

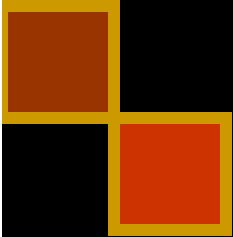



Overview

- 
- The scope of distance education today
 - Debunking the myths
 - The “new normal” in higher education
- 

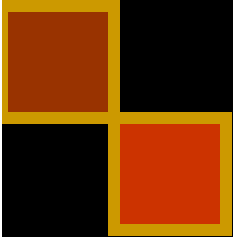



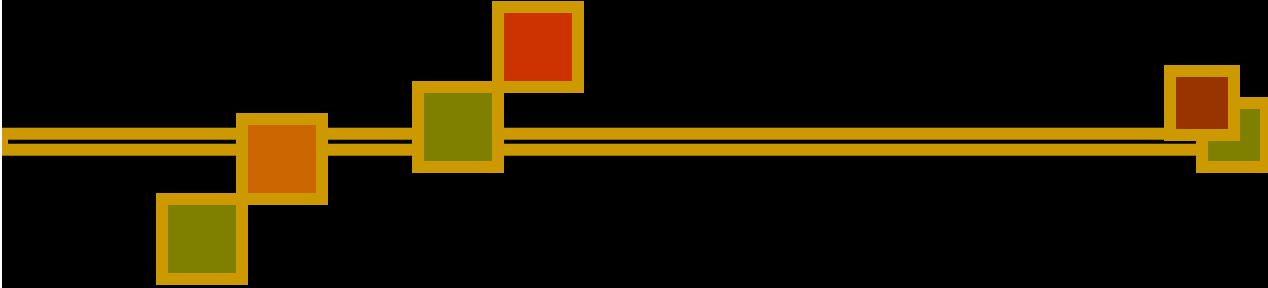
Today's panel

- 
- Dr. Henry Merrill, Indiana University
 - Lance Woods, University of Southern Indiana
 - Carol Brunty, IHETS
 - Susan Scott, IHETS
- 



Scope: www.icn.org

- 
- All public institutions and many independents engaged
 - Not only courses but whole programs
 - Content opportunities broad
 - Response substantial and growing (faster than for campus programs)
- 



All public institutions and many independents are engaged.


- BSU: 12/183
 - ISU: 38/189
 - IU: 25/679
 - Ivy Tech: 11/689
 - Purdue: 7/148
 - USI: 17/110
 - Vincennes: 26/539
 - Indiana Tech: 5/74
 - IWU: 7
 - St. Mary-of-the-Woods: 36/436
 - Taylor Online: 24/320
 - U. of St. Francis: 1
- [programs/courses]*
- 



Courses and whole programs




Fall 2007 ICN listings:

- 3,367 courses (includes high school, too)
 - 39 associate degrees
 - 48 bachelor's degrees
 - 33 graduate degrees
 - 57 certificate and licensure programs
- 




Content opportunities: real choice

- Nursing and health professions
 - Business
 - Education
 - Technology and engineering
 - Criminal justice, human services
 - Transferable general education
 - Dual-credit and early enrollment for HS
- 

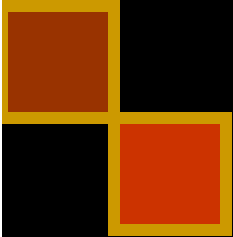



Healthy response keeps growing

- 2005-06 course enrollments at 148,307 (up 26% over previous year)
 - 2006-07 not yet complete, but so far are trending up by 20% over 2005-06
 - In human terms, that's approaching 40,000 people in fully online classes.
- 

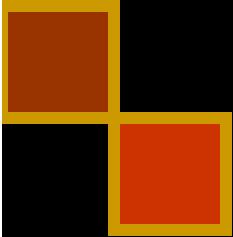



The real students

- 
- Most are adults, financially independent
 - Working at least half-time, attending school part-time
 - Family obligations (kids and/or parents)
 - They choose DE because it fits into their lives: they can choose when to “attend” and do their assignments.
 - It isn't about geographic distance, it's about *time*.
- 

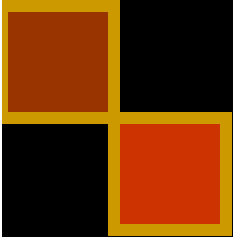



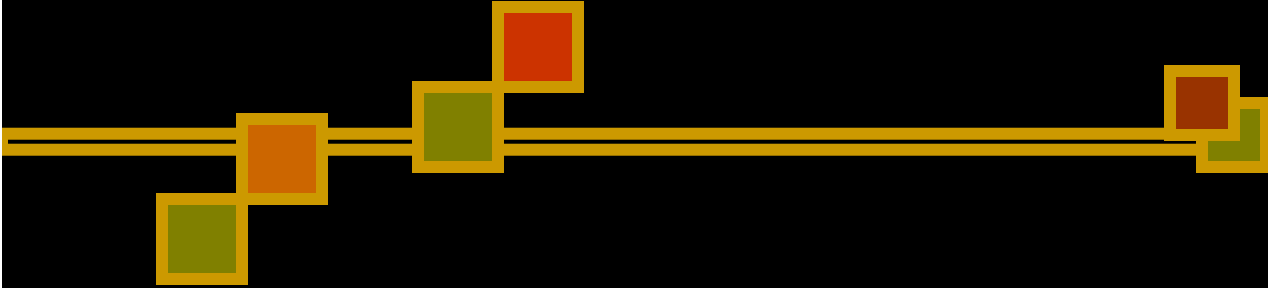
Debunking the myths

- 
- "Rural people don't trust technology."
 - "Adults don't want online learning."
 - "Quality is second-rate."
 - "Drop-outs are high."
 - "People take DE because they're lazy."
- 

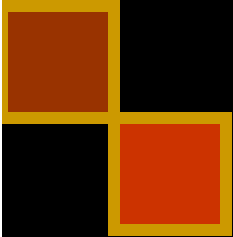



The new normal

- 
- Technology is fully mainstream in higher ed today, on campus and off. Even “traditional” classes require online assignments, online library resources, online projects.
 - More and more “hybrid” or “blended” programs and classes are under way.
 - Many students take both at once.
- 

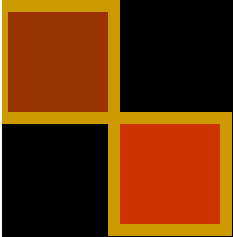



Dial-up obstacles

- 
- Technical problems take on a new dimension when you're paying money for tuition and expecting to learn something—not just a minor irritant any more.
 - Dial-up ties up phone and computer options for the rest of the family.
 - Dial-up connections present added security issues for campus IT staff and servers.
- 




This is now.

- 
- Long session times for reading, research, and online discussions - what a CMS discussion looks like:
 - <https://oncourse.iu.edu/portal>
- 

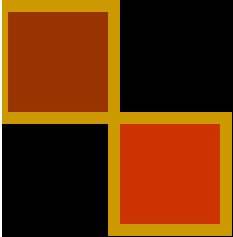



This is now.

- Incorporation of video and audio streamed resources, podcasting, web conferencing
- 




This is now.

- 
- Large downloads required, from online library databases, scientific data sets, and videos (special problems with dial-up from losing access in mid-download)
- 

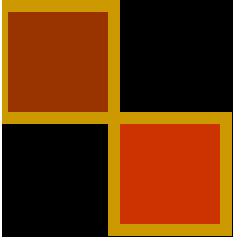



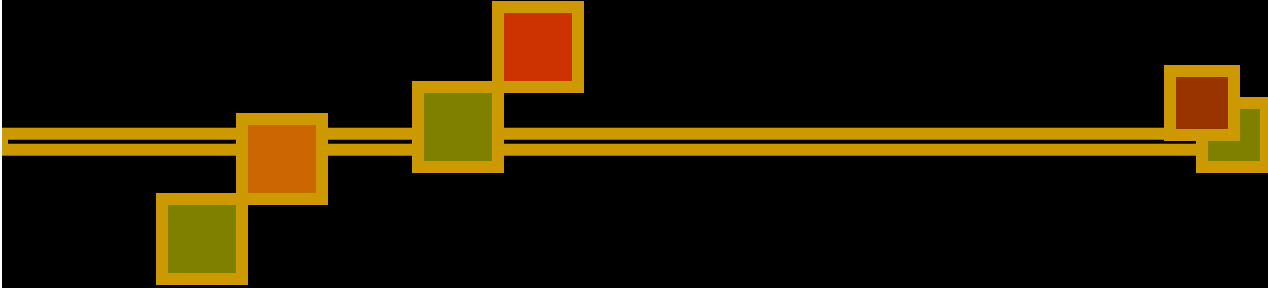
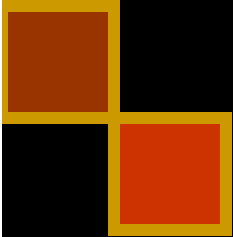

This is now and, increasingly,
the future.

- Simulations, animations, remote manipulation of devices, online game-style exams, class team projects presented as a web site, etc.
 - <http://www.secondlife.com/>
 - University of Central Florida - business
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4T4zTStVK6Y>
- 



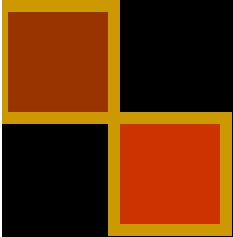

What's at stake

- 
- Indiana ***must*** increase educational participation and attainment of adults . . . in every part of the state.
 - Rural living can hold a wonderful quality of life . . . but people must see a future not shut off from the rest of the world.
- 

- 
- 
- 
- Indiana's colleges and universities have made substantial investments to increase access to postsecondary (and secondary) education.
 - Limited broadband availability is a real drain on realizing the benefits of that investment.




How to find out more

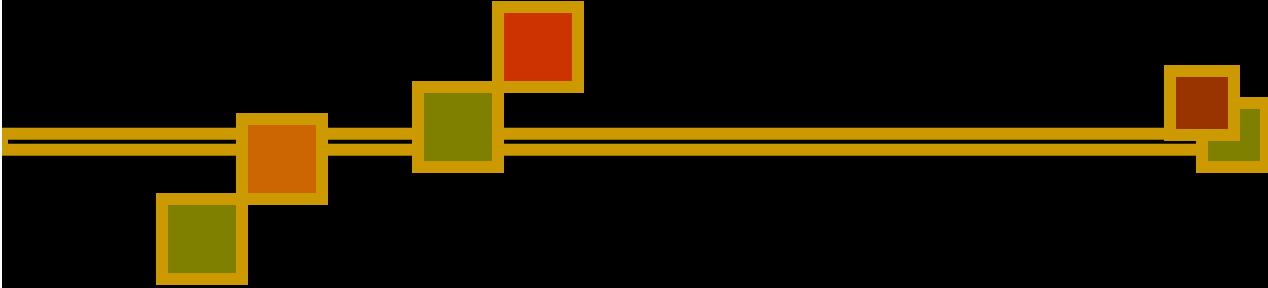
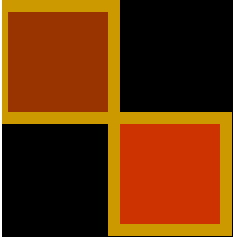

- 
- Contact any of the panelists
 - Check out ICN on the web at www.icn.org as a starting point
 - Contact your nearest college continuing ed or online learning officials
- 



Additional resources



- **Pew Internet & American Life Project** (especially reports on "Home Broadband Adoption 2007" and "Rural Broadband Internet Use"):
<http://www.pewinternet.org>
 - **The Information Technology & Innovation Foundation** (especially "Assessing Broadband in America" and "The Case for a National Broadband Policy"):
<http://www.innovationpolicy.org>
 - **Internet2**: <http://www.internet2.edu>
- 

- 
- 
- 
- Dr. Henry Merrill: hmerrill@iupui.edu
Executive Director, Community Learning Network, IUPUI
 - Lance Woods: lcwoods@usi.edu
Operations Manager, Instructional Technology Services,
USI
 - Carol Brunty: cbrunty@ihets.org
ICN Student Services Manager, IHETS
 - Susan Scott: sscott@ihets.org
Director of E-Learning, IHETS